

Use of Hay Bales in Stream Restoration:

-A Review of Their Performance, and Vegetation Establishment to Secure Stability

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3:50pm

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5 Smooth Stones Restoration/River SHARED

Hay Bale Structures for NCD (2009-2022)

- Idea first shared with RiverSHARED members in 2005 but structures had not been constructed at that time based on my understanding
- RiverSHARED members first constructed structures in Oklahoma in 2010 that were designed in 2009
- Since 2009:
 - >30 miles of restoration projects (OK, TX, CO, and SK)
 - >300 structures constructed (OK, TX, CO, and SK)
 - No recorded failures

Advantages

- Savings of money and time
 - Hay Bale ~\$15/lf
 - Brush Toe ~\$75/lf
 - Coir Lift ~\$100/lf
 - Toe Wood with Coir ~\$125/lf
- Saves resources and transport
- Local material sourcing

Preliminary Design Criteria ([Very Important](#))

#1 Low risk

#2 Intermittent streams or ephemeral (Bankfull Width = 6-15ft)

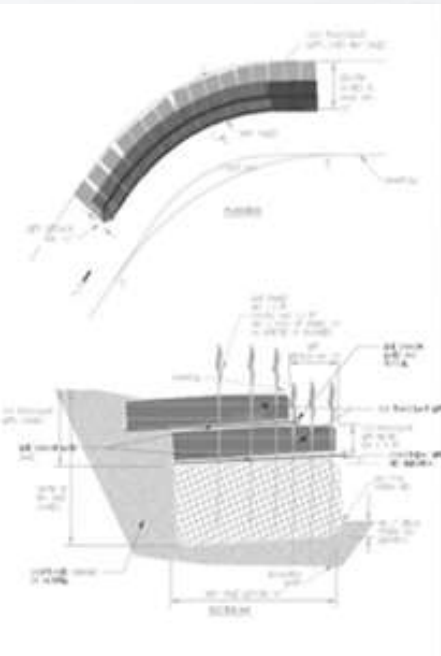
#3 Drainage area less than ~0.3 square miles OK/TX (Based on Region)

#4 Velocity less than 2.5ft/s (100yr, design storm and/or BKF)

#5 Average Boundary Shear Stress less than 1.5psf (100yr, design storm and/or BKF)

#6 High potential for revegetation (including upland vegetation)

Hay Bale Structures For Channel Design



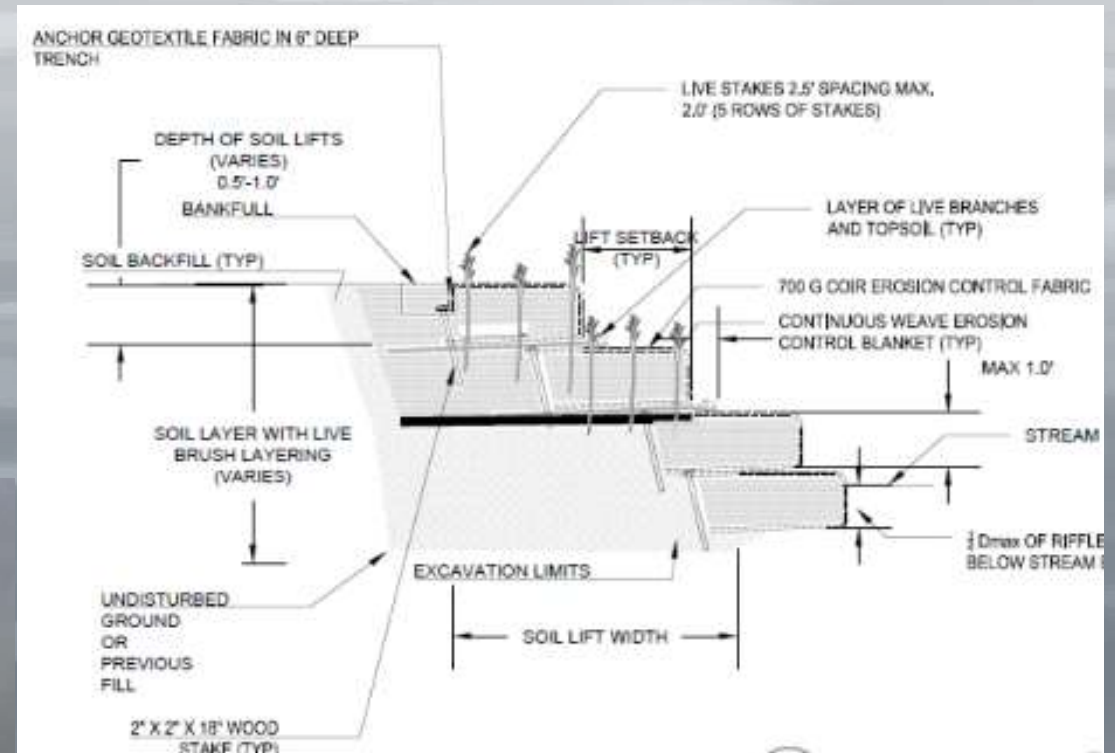
Example Detail



Post-Construction



2 years Post-Construction



Coir Lifts– Bank Protection – Cherry Creek

April 2022



April 2019



Round Bale Gully Grade Control 2010





Hay Bale Floodplain Sills and Riffles 2010



A yellow tracked excavator is shown in a muddy, excavated area. The excavator's tracks are visible on the left, and its bucket is on the right. A large, rectangular hay bale is positioned in the center of the muddy ground. The background shows more of the excavated site with some dry grass and soil.

Hay Bale Riffle Construction

Pre-Construction 3-2010



Post-Construction 10-2010

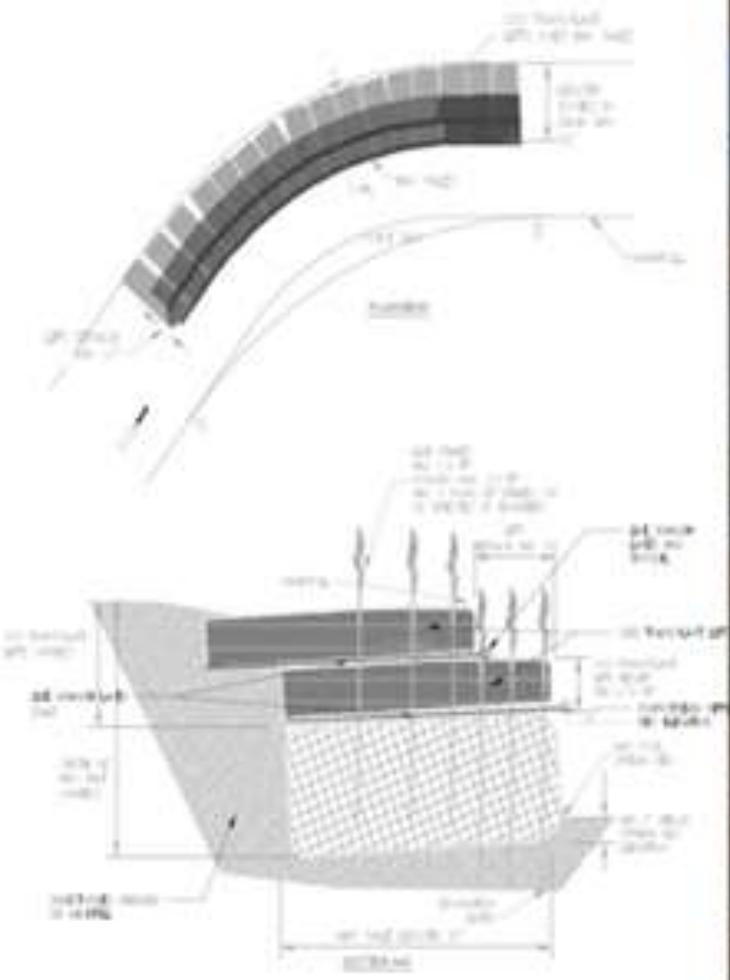


Hay Bale Meander Bank protection and Grade Control Installation





Hay Bale Toe and Bank Stabilization



Example Detail

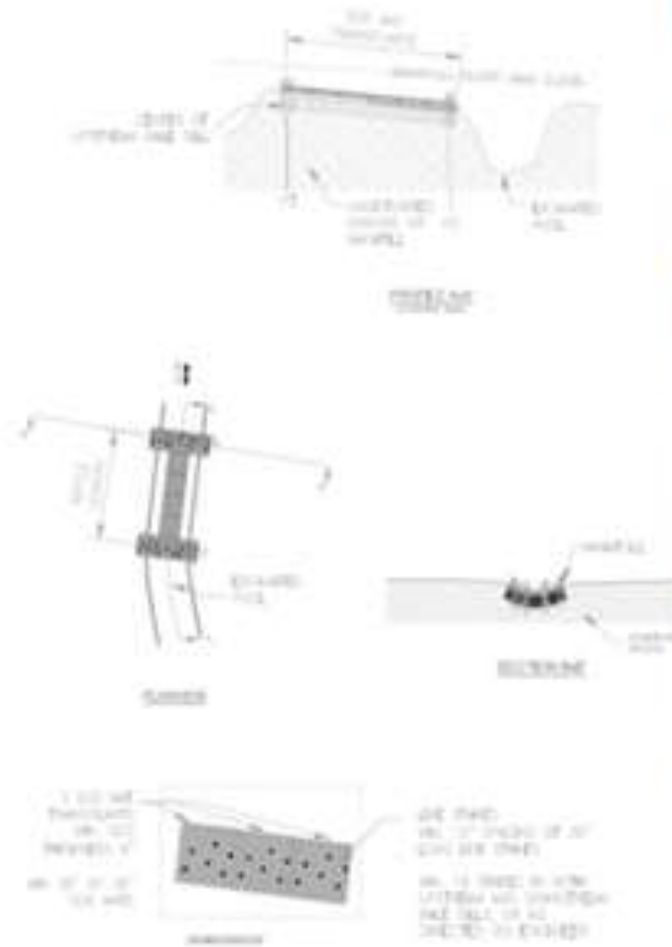


Post-Construction



2 years Post-Construction

Hay Bale Constructed Riffles for Small Channels



Example Detail



Post-Construction

2 years Post-Construction

Rock Riffle - Year 3-4 (2021–2017 construction)



Hay Bale Riffle Year 3-4 (2021–2017 construction)

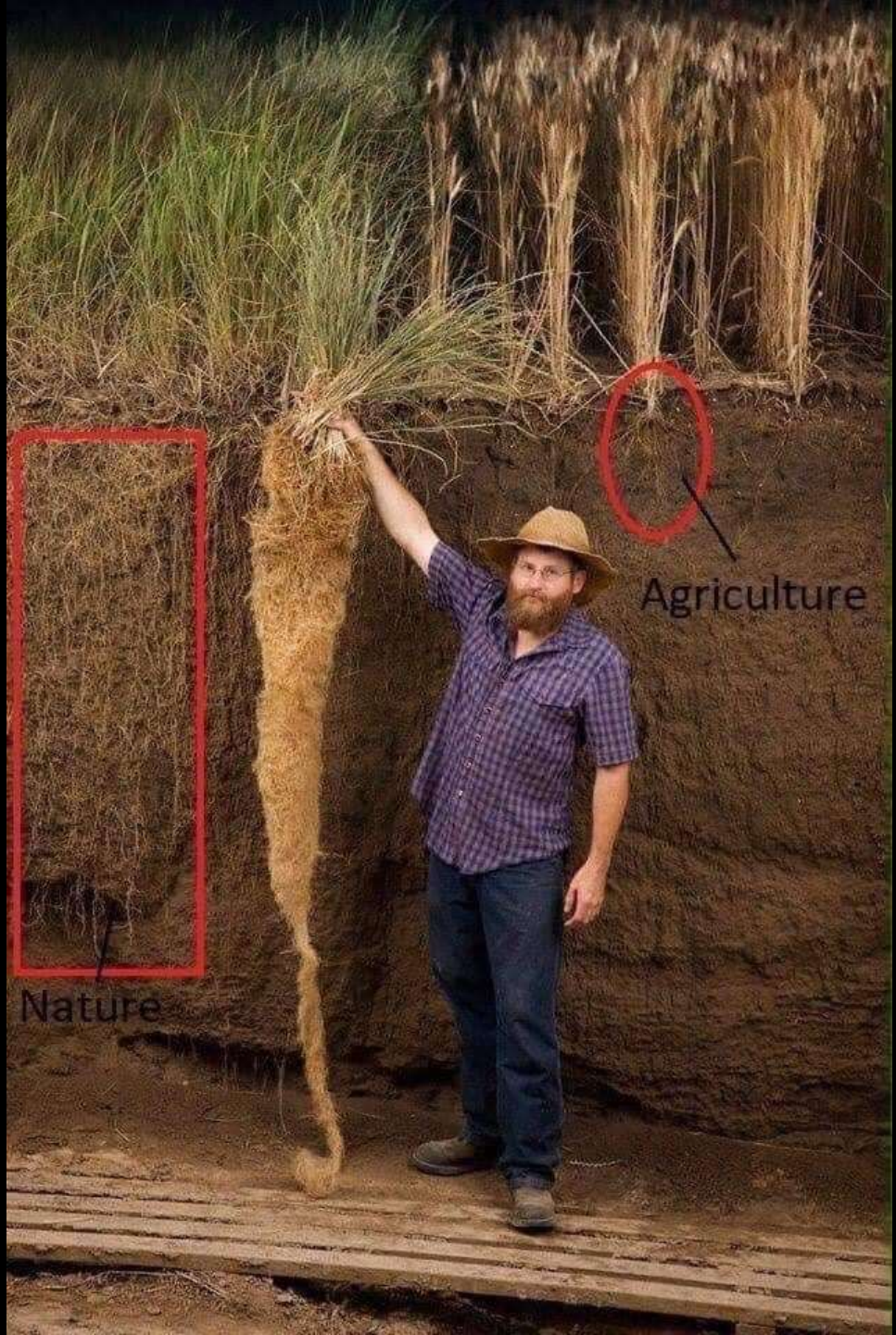


Important Considerations When Procuring Hay Bales

- Hay bales should be harvested from areas near project site
 - Similar plant populations
 - Desirable plant seeds
- Avoid introduction of invasive weed via seed
- Small square bales work best for structures

Re-Vegetation of These Areas

- Ephemeral and prairie streams
- Due to low flow and low risk conditions, sod mats (sourced on-site) are typically a good choice
 - Biology of local grasses
 - Suitability for sod mats
- Locally sourced willows and transplants are additional possibilities depending on current vegetation conditions





Summary

- Is there a place for Hay Bale Structures in Stream Design/Development
- Experiment with Design Insurance
- Increase warranty from 1yr to 3yr
- RiverSHARED 3yr Construction Maintenance Pre-MHFD

- Saves money?
- Saves resources?
- Local Material Sourcing?